International Training Workshop on Management of Land Acquisition, Resettlement, and Rehabilitation (MLARR)

Brief Course Description and Schedules

April 16 ~ 28, 2018
Nanjing, China
COURSE DESCRIPTION

Today, the management of Land Acquisition, Resettlement and Rehabilitation (MLARR) has become an integral part of the process of infrastructural development. However, a major challenge in this regard is the weak institutional and human resources capacity to address land acquisition and involuntary resettlement globally. This is reflected in the limited professional staff, knowledge, technical expertise and operational experiences in resettlement policies, planning, implementation and management. Many countries have developed legislative and policy framework to manage issues in land acquisition, resettlement, rehabilitation and social safeguard.

China has vast experiences both with development-induced-displacement and policy development in MLARR. With the largest number of dams, transportation, mining and fast paced urban development projects; the numbers of people affected by the infrastructure projects are very high in China. A major policy development in China was the vastly improved compensation and resettlement standards for reservoir resettlement in 1991. The improved legal entitlements bestowed the affected families with vastly improved compensation standards, annuity payments spanning 30 years, post resettlement fund (to be contributed by power companies) for livelihoods development, community facilities and retrospective annuity payments to the affected persons.

The NRCR International Program on MLARR is launched with the objective of providing the social specialists/resettlement professionals with a platform for elaborate discussion of the existing challenges and to equip them with a comprehensive understanding of the good practices in resettlement management and development. The Course will aim at disseminating information on best practices in various aspects of land acquisition and resettlement in a variety of development projects such as hydropower, irrigation, road, highway, railway, mining, energy, urban and rural development etc.

This training program will focus the international standards and good practices, as well as on lessons learned from case studies in China and globally. It includes a 5-day field trip to the Three Gorges Dam and the Gezhouba Dam Projects. The field visits include presentations by the project staff, discussions, and field trips to resettlement sites. The training program is targeted to an international audience – people who are involved in project planning and implementation, project managers, practitioners and people involved in project administration from public and private institutions or international financial institutions. The course is delivered by some of the world’s leading social assessment and resettlement practitioners.

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<th>COURSE VENUE</th>
<th>The Course is fully residential. NRCR staff will coordinate the study tour to the Three Gorges Dam and Gezhouba Dam Projects and other places.</th>
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<tr>
<td>PARTICIPANTS’ PROFILE</td>
<td>The course is targeted to current and intending Officers/Practitioners/NGOs in Land Acquisition, R&amp;R, social safeguard, environment departments. It is also open to advanced students interested in the management of social issues associated with development.</td>
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The Course will be held from **April 16-28, 2018**. The participants are expected to arrive a day before commencement and may leave after the conclusion of the Course.

The fee per participants is **USD 4800** (400 USD per day/per person). The Course fee is inclusive of courseware, faculty cost, board and lodging in China, domestic travels, field visits and sightseeing.

A discounted fee of **USD 3900** applies to people from NGOs, or public sector agencies in developing countries. Full time research students and academic staff are entitled to a rate of **USD 3000**.

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<td><strong>Bank:</strong> ICBC (Industrial and Commercial Bank of China)</td>
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**DEADLINE**
Application deadline is **31 January, 2018**.

**LANGUAGE**
Language of instruction is **English**.

**REGISTRATION & INFORMATION**
Contact Dr. Yi Li, **yili@hu.edu.cn**, +86 25 83718914 (fax)

**COURSE MODULE**

The Course would follow a case study approach to sensitize the participants of various challenges as well as use of good practices in MLARR so as to enable them to effectively address and replicate these in their respective projects.

- MLARR in Global Context
- Resettlement Policies and Laws
- Social Risks and Impact Assessment
- Resettlement Planning Experience
- IPs/Gender and Social Development
- Resettlement Implementation
- Rebuilding Livelihoods and Communities
- Benefit Sharing – Models and Global Experience
- Resettlement Management and MIS
- Study Tour (5 days)
**STUDY TOUR**

- **Five-Day Three Gorges and Gezubah Dam Study Tours**, including dam and power plant visit, urban and rural resettlement site visits and interviewing, RR and economic development and environment conservation measures and actions.

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**Registration Form**

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ANCHORING INSTITUTIONS

The National Research Centre for Resettlement (NRCR), Hohai University

The first specialised scientific research institution on involuntary resettlement in the world. NRCR is the leading institution for consulting, research and training in resettlement and social safeguards in all development projects in China. NRCR is a major partnering institution of major international financial institutions like the World Bank, Asian Development Bank, European Investment Bank etc. in the area of resettlement and social safeguards.

China Three Gorges Corporation (CTG)

China Three Gorges Corporation (CTG) was founded for constructing the Three Gorges Project and developing the Yangtze River, and the company grew with the development of the project and the river. Over the past 24 years since its founding in 1993, CTG has developed continuously and rapidly, becoming the world's largest hydropower development company and China's largest clean energy group. CTG's primary businesses cover large-scale hydropower project construction and management, operation and management of large cascade hydropower plants in river basins, international investment and engineering contracting, development of new energy, such as wind power and solar energy, comprehensive development and utilization of water resources, relevant professional technical services, etc.

China Three Gorges University

China Three Gorges University (CTGU) was founded on the 29th of June 2000 in Yichang City, the hydroelectric capital of the world, a city famous for its tourism attractions and home to the construction of the Three Gorges Project. CTGU is a comprehensive university, which comprises the former University of Hydraulic & Electric Engineering/Yichang and Hubei Sanxia Univeristy. CTGU teaches a wide range of disciplines, enrolls students from all over the country as well as international students, and puts lots of efforts to improve and develop the hydroelectric field of study.

The Centre for Excellence in Management of Land Acquisition, Resettlement and Rehabilitation (CMLARR), Administrative Staff College of India, (ASCI), Hyderabad, established with the support of the World Bank and AusAID, has been leading the capacity building interventions for LARR specialist officers in the South Asian region. Among the prominent international assignments successfully completed by the Centre include the specialised courses for formulating Resettlement Policies for various countries, International South-South Learning Events etc., International programs on improved management of LARR.
The Three Gorges Project is one of the biggest hydropower-complex projects in the world. The dam is located in one of the three gorges of the river, which controls a drainage area of 1 million km$^2$, and an average annual runoff of 451 billion m$^3$. With a total installed capacity of 22,200 MW, the Three Gorges Hydropower Station can generate more than 84.7 billion KWH a year, one-ninth of the total generated power in China. The length of reservoir is more than 600 kilometers. The project was started in 1993 and completed in 2009. The total cost of the project is about 248.4 billion Yuan RMB; 126.3 millions for dam construction, 36.5 millions for transmission lines and 85.6 millions for resettlement.

The Three Gorges reservoir inundated 632 km$^2$ of land, including 24,500 ha of farmland and displaced and resettled about 1.3 million affected people. It has flooded, relocated and rehabilitated about 13 cities, 140 towns, 1350 villages, 1632 enterprises and other infrastructures in the reservoirs areas. The Chinese government initiated many long-term compensation, benefit sharing, post-support policy and implementation measures for the affected people. It established the institutional system to manage the planning, design and implementation activities of resettlement, social, environmental and culture heritage protection activities from central to local levels. The Study would provide a comprehensive of understanding the challenges and good practices in China.

The Gezhouba Dam is located in the western suburbs of Yichang City in central China's Hubei province. The dam sits a few kilometers upstream from downtown Yichang, just downstream of the fall of the Huangbo River into the Yangtze. Construction started on December 30, 1970 and ended on December 10, 1988. The dam has a total installed electrical capacity of 2,715 MW along with three ship locks, two power stations that generate 14,100 GWh of electricity annually, the 27 gates of the spillway, and the no flowing Dam on both banks. The dam is 2,595 meters long with a maximum height of 47 meters. The reservoir has a total volume of 1.58 cubic kilometers. The lock chamber is 280 meters long and 34 meters wide, with a minimum draft of 5 meters at the sill. It provides passage for 10,000 ton ships.
NANJING ACCOMMODATION

Grand Hotel 南京古南都饭店 (No.208, Guangzhou Road, Nanjing China)

Nanjing Grand Hotel is a 5-star luxurious hotel for international business and leisure customers. It is strategically located in the city's busy downtown area, right next to the Provincial Sports Center and adjacent to two renowned universities and the biggest hospital of the Jiangsu Province of which Nanjing is the capital. The hotel enjoys convenient transport and offers tranquility among the hustle and bustle of the fast developing metropolis. The hotel boasts its 305 spacious and comfortable guest rooms/suites, with standard rooms elegantly decorated and well-appointed, apartments equipped with a private kitchen and rooms for the handicapped.

The hotel possesses advanced facilities and offers meticulous services. Various F&B outlets provide cuisine of Chinese, Western and Japanese flavors. Fitness and recreation, conference and business, and shopping facilities are established to suit the needs of all its honored customers. The management and staff of the hotel will spare no efforts in making the hotel your "home away from home", you feel most welcome, and your stay a pleasant and memorable experience by way of exceeding each and every one of your high expectations!

FIELD STUDY ACCOMMODATION

China Three Gorges Corporation Training Center

China Three Gorges Corporation Training Center is established in 1994 as the platform between the corporation and the governments, client enterprises in the target market as well as related international organizations, associations through participating or undertaking international exchange activities.
Hohai University, founded in 1915, won worldwide reputation for research and study of water conservancy. The history of Hohai University can be traced back to Hohai Civil Engineering School, which was established by Zhang Jian, a famous industrialist and educator in China's modern history, and it was the first institution focusing on research and education of water conservancy in China. Under the background of the nationwide reconstruction of universities in 1952, East China Technical University of Water Resources was founded on the basis of water related disciplines of Nanjing University, Tongji University, Shanghai Jiao Tong University and Zhejiang University, which made it famous with excellent faculty and notable achievement. It was renamed Hohai University in 1985, and Mr. Deng Xiaoping inscribed the name of the University.

Located in Nanjing, the capital city of ancient China, Hohai University includes two other beautiful campuses, Changzhou and Jiangning. Hohai University is an ideal place to study with its beautiful scenery and tree-lined campus.

Hohai University is a state key university under the direct administration of Ministry of Education of China. It is a comprehensive university with research and study of water conservancy as its main task, education of engineering subjects as its first priority, and coordinated development of many other disciplines covering engineering, science, economics, management, liberal arts, and law. It is also among the group of universities to benefit from Project 211.

In recent years, the university also has conducted many research projects from the key infrastructure construction in water conservancy and hydropower engineering throughout the nation, such as Three Gorges, South-North Water Transfer, Xiaolangdi, Yangtze Estuary channel regulation project, the Huaihe River sea-outfall project, Ertan, Xiluodu, Longtan, Nanjing Metro, Shanghai-Nanjing Expressway, Shan-Fen expressway, Nanjing Second Changjiang River Bridge, Runyang Bridge. Etc. Some research achievements, reaching the international advanced level, have been awarded more than 20 national science and technology prizes and 265 provincial science and technology prizes.

Hohai University has extensive ties with other universities and research institutes, and is one of the first universities in China qualified to award bachelor, master and doctor degrees to international students, and it also has conducted exchanges or other kinds of collaborative activities with more than 70 universities and research institutes from the United States, United Kingdom, France, Russia, Germany, Holland, Australia, Japan and Hong Kong. Thousands of international students from over 90 countries in Africa, Asia, America, Europe, and Oceania have completed their studies in Hohai University. To encourage high-caliber international students to study at Hohai, the University established Hohai Scholarship for International Students in 2005.
Charming Nanjing, the Magnificent City
Nanjing is the capital of Jiangsu Province in East China, running through the city are lower reaches of the Yangtze River whose estuary is not far away. Nanjing enjoys a civilization of over 6000 years and the city itself was founded 2500 years ago. Enclosed by mountains and rivers, and located in a strategic place, it boasts picturesque scenery that blends natural landscape with towering modern buildings, integrating traditional styles with modern civilization. Thus it was known as a unique historic and cultural city to the world.

A Historic City
As one of the Four Ancient Capitals, Nanjing is a vital cradle of Chinese civilization and over a long stretch of time, it has been the political and cultural pivot of South China, thus dubbed as the Capital of Ten Ancient Dynasties, rich in both cultural heritage and historical relics. Among the landmarks of Nanjing there are the City Wall, the Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum, Dr. Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum, Presidential Palace and Confucius Temple.

A Creative City
Over the thousands of years of its development, Nanjing has never been want of creative innovations, ranging from Mr. Zu Chongzhi’s (Jin Dynasty, 429-500 AD) modified calendar and calculated 7 decimals of the ratio of circumference Pi, the marvelous Great Gratitude Temple built in the Ming Dynasty, Laomendong (literally means the old east gate) historic and cultural district with distinct Nanjing characteristics, to the Creative Nanjing-New Generation Design Exhibition that engages the whole city. Nanjing has become a paradise for young entrepreneurs coming from different corners of the world with their aspirations. The 2500 years of cultural legend has contributed to the essence of this creative city.

A Dynamic City
On the evening of August 16, 2014, II Summer Youth Olympic Games made its debut in the resonating anthem Light up the Future. During the 12 days, over 3700 young athletes from the five continents challenged themselves in the arena in pursuit of excellence, and meanwhile, they also gained better understanding and friendship with each other in the cultural sports event. Nanjing the ancient city has been dynamized by the vigour and passion of Youth Olympic Games.

A City with Youthful Vigour
Following the 2014 Youth Olympic Games, the ancient yet vigorous city is bound to amaze the world once more.